

Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

COPY MAILED

MAR 2 5 2008

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

Anderson Gorecki & Manaras LLP 33 NAGOG PARK ACTON MA 01720

In re Application of Backes, et al.

Application No. 10/781,121

Atty. Dkt. No: 160-031

Filed: February 18, 2004

DECISION ON PETITION

The above-identified application has been forwarded to the Office of Petitions for consideration of the petition to withdraw the holding of abandonment under 37 CFR 1.181 filed November 14, 2007.

The petition under 37 CFR 1.181 to withdraw the holding of abandonment is hereby **DISMISSED**.

Any request for reconsideration of this decision should be submitted within two (2) months from the mail date of this decision and be entitled "Renewed Petition to Withdraw the Holding of Abandonment under 37 CFR 1.181." See, 37 CFR 1.181(f).

This application became abandoned May 22, 2007 for failure to timely submit a proper reply to the non-final Office action mailed February 21, 2007. The non-final Office action set a three month shortened statutory period of time for reply. This decision precedes Notice of Abandonment.

Petitioners argue non-receipt of the non-final Office action mailed February 21, 2007.

In the absence of any irregularity in the mailing of an Office communication, there is a strong presumption that the Office communication was properly mailed to practitioner at the address of record. This presumption may be overcome by a showing that the Office communication was not in fact received.

The showing required to establish non-receipt of an Office communication must include a statement from the practitioner describing the system used for recording an Office action received at the correspondence address of record with the USPTO.

The statement should establish that the docketing system is sufficiently reliable. It is expected that the record would include, but not be limited to, the application number, attorney docket number, the mail date of the Office action and the due date for the response. Practitioner must state that the Office action was not received at the correspondence address of record, and that a search of the practitioner's record(s), including any file jacket or the equivalent, and the application contents, indicates that the Office action was not received. A copy of the record(s) used by the practitioner where the non-received Office action would have been entered had it been received is required. A copy of the practitioner's record(s) required to show nonreceipt of the Office action should include the master docket for the firm. That is, if a three month period for reply was set in the non-received Office action, a copy of the master docket report showing all replies docketed for a date three months from the mail date of the non-received Office action must be submitted as documentary proof of non-receipt of the Office action. If no such master docket exists, the practitioner should so state and provide other evidence such as, but not limited to, the following: the application file jacket; incoming mail log; calendar; reminder system; or the individual docket record for the application in question.

The showing outlined above may not be sufficient if there are circumstances that point to a conclusion that the Office action may have been lost after receipt rather than a conclusion that the Office action was lost in the mail (e.g., if the practitioner has a history of not receiving Office actions).

Office records indicate the Office communication was properly mailed to the correspondence address of record at the time of mailing. Accordingly, there was no irregularity in mailing the Office communication on the part of the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

The instant petition does not establish that the non-final Office action was not received in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

It is noted that the address to which the Office communication was properly mailed and the address appearing on the petition differ. Further, there is no indication in the record that petitioner here, Holmes W. Anderson, does not appear to have been appointed to represent applicants.

Petitioners are advised that where an application becomes abandoned as a consequence of a change of correspondence address (the Office action being mailed to the old, uncorrected address and failing to reach the applicant in sufficient time to permit a timely reply), petitioners are required to establish that due care was taken to adhere to the requirement for prompt notification in each concerned application of the change of address (See, MPEP 601.03), and must include an adequate showing that a timely notification of the change of address was filed in the application concerned, and in a manner reasonably calculated to call attention to the fact that it was a notification of a change of address. See, MPEP 711.03(c).

Any renewed petition must establish non-receipt of the non-final Office action was not a consequence of a failure to properly submit a change of correspondence address and also establish non-receipt of the non-final Office action as set forth at MPEP 711.03(c).

ALTERNATE VENUE

Petitioners may wish to consider filing a petition stating that the delay was unintentional. Petitioners' attention is directed to 37 CFR 1.137(b) which provides for the revival of an "unintentionally" abandoned application without a showing that the delay in prosecution or in late payment of an issue fee was "unavoidable". An "unintentional" petition under 37 CFR 1.137(b) must be accompanied by the required petition fee and reply.

The filing of a petition under 37 CFR 1.137(b) cannot be intentionally delayed and therefore must be filed promptly. A person seeking revival due to unintentional delay cannot make a statement that the delay was unintentional unless the entire delay, including the delay from the date it was discovered that the application was abandoned until the filing of the petition to revive under 37 CFR 1.137(b), was unintentional. A statement that the delay was unintentional is not appropriate if petitioner intentionally delayed the filing of a petition for revival under 37 CFR 1.137(b).

There is no indication in the record that practitioner herein has been appointed to represent applicants. A copy of the instant decision is being dually mailed. However, all future correspondence concerning this application will be mailed to the correspondence address of record until appropriate instruction to the contrary is received.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

By mail:

Mail Stop Petition

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

By facsimile:

(571) 273-8300

By hand delivery:

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Customer Window, Mail Stop Petition

Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Telephone inquiries concerning this matter may be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3205.

Alesia M. Brown Petitions Attorney Office of Petitions

CC: Holmes W. Anderson
McGuinness & Manaras LLP
125 Nagog Park
Acton, MA 01720